



## 07 DAYS TREKKING IN SINIA MT.PROGRAM

### DAY 01: CAIRO

Arrival at Cairo International Airport, meet our representative and assistance through Passport control formalities, luggage Identification and portage.

Then transfer to the hotel. In the evening (depending on flight time arrival) we visit the local market of **Khan el-Khalili Bazaar**, which sprawls around an old area of Cairo known as **Al Ashram**. (Option)

Accommodation and overnight at hotel in Cairo

#### Khan el-Khalili



### DAY 02: CAIRO / SANTA CATHARINE

Breakfast at the hotel, and a briefing from our tour leader, travel in A/c Jeep 4x4 from **Cairo** to **Sinai**, crossing **Suez Canal** through **Ahmed Hamdi tunnel**.

Upon arrival, check in and relaxing in the hotel, lunch before going up **Moses Mountain** 2258 meters to enjoy seeing the sunset view.

Slowly after sunset, we are going down **Mouse's Mountain** to take our cars to the hotel.

Accommodation and overnight at Hotel or Local **camp - St. Catherine**.



## **DAY 03: SANTA CATHERINE / WADI GEBAL**

Breakfast; drive to enjoy visiting **St. Catherine Monastery**

We load the food and all the equipment onto camels and start our trekking tour in **Wadi Gebal** (the Mountains valley). We enjoy trekking in the lovely mountains landscape.

Lunch on the way and spend the night camping under the stars.

Overnight and dinner in the open air in **Wadi Gebal**.

### **St. Catherine Monastery**



St. Catherine's Monastery, was constructed by order of the Emperor Justinian between 527 and 565. It is built around what is thought to be Moses' Burning Bush, which has a chapel built atop it. It is a spectacular natural setting for priceless works of art, including Arab mosaics, Greek and Russian icons, Western oil paintings, paintings on wax, fine sacerdotal ornaments, marbles, enamels, chalices, reliquaries, including one donated by Czar Alexander II in the 19th



century, and another by Empress Catherine of Russia in the 17th century. But of perhaps even greater significance is that it is one of the largest and most important collection of illuminated manuscripts in the world (The Vatican has the largest). The collection consists of some 4,500 volumes in Greek, Coptic, Arabic, Armenian, Hebrew, Slavic, Syriac, Georgian and other language

#### **DAY 04 - 05: TREKKING IN WADI GEBAL**

Breakfast in the open air, we load the food and all the equipment onto camels and continue our trekking tour in **Wadi Gebal** , We enjoy trekking in the lovely mountains landscape

Lunch on the way and spend the night camping under the stars.

Overnight and dinner in the open air in **Wadi Gebal**.

#### **DAY 06: WADI GEBAL / SANTA CATHERINE / CAIRO**

Breakfast in the open air, Come down to meet our cars again to **St. Catharine** ,Free time in the city until lunch.

**Light safari** lunch, drive returning to Cairo. Check in and relaxing at the hotel in Cairo.

In the evening we visit the local market of **Khan el Khalili bazaar**, which sprawls around an old area of Cairo known as **Al Azhar** (option) ,

Accommodation and overnight at a hotel in Cairo.

#### **Al Azhar**



Al-Azhar Mosque is a mosque in Islamic Cairo in Egypt. Al-Mu‘izz li-Dīn Allāh of the Fatimid Caliphate commissioned its construction for the newly-established capital city in 970. Its name is usually thought to allude to the Islamic prophet Muhammad's daughter Fatimah, a revered figure in Islam who was given the title *az-Zahr ā* ' ("the shining one"). It was the first mosque established in Cairo, a city that has since gained the nickname "the city of a thousand minarets."

## **DAY 07: CAIRO - FINAL DEPARTURE**

Breakfast at the hotel, free time till the departure time. If there is enough time, you can enjoy **sightseeing of the old Cairo**, visit the **Citadel, Islamic and Coptic area** (Option). Transfer with our steward to Cairo International airport for the final departure.

### **Citadel**



One of Cairo's most popular tourist attractions is the Citadel, located on a spur of limestone that had been detached from its parent Moqattam Hills by quarrying. The Citadel is one of the world's greatest monuments to medieval warfare, as well as a highly visible landmark on Cairo's eastern skyline. Particularly when viewed from the back side (from the north), the Citadel reveals a very medieval character.

